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SH 2479783

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EXHIBITS

- A Compact Disk Containing Homicide Casebook, URN 019-04836-2835-055, Prepared by Detectives Cooper and Marx.
- **B** Justice System Integrity Division Letter of Opinion.
- C Flash Drive Containing; 911 Call, Radio Traffic, Burglary Reports, DNA Lab Results, GPS Documents, Homicide Detectives Audio Interviews, Mobile Digital Computer Logs, Court Order and Medical Records, Subject Probable Cause Declaration, Call Logs, Suspect Citations, Compton and Century Station In-Services, and Photographs of Scene, Suspects, and Involved Deputies.

MISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS

Copy of Compton Station Incident #CPT19090-0152.

Deputy Eric Moreno Training Records and Firearm Qualifications.

Deputy Eugene Contreras Training Records and Firearm Qualifications.

(14) Administrative Rights Force / Shooting Investigation Forms.

Executive Order N-40-20 (Covid-19).



LOS ANGLES COUNTY DISTRICT A-TORNEY'S OFFICE **BUREAU OF FRAUD AND CORRUPTION PROSECUTIONS** JUSTICE SYSTEM INTEGRITY DIVISION

JACKIE LACEY • District Attorney JOSEPH P. ESPOSITO . Chief Deputy District Attorney VICTORIA L. ADAMS . Assistant District Attorney

JAMES GARRISON . Director

April 15, 2020

Captain Kent Wegener Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department Homicide Bureau 1 Cupania Circle Monterey Park, California 91755

Re:

Officer Involved Shooting of

J.S.I.D. File #19-0141

L.A.S.D. File #019-04836-2835-055

Dear Captain Wegener:

The Justice System Integrity Division of the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office has completed its review of the March 31, 2019, non-fatal shooting of by members of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. Our detailed analysis of this incident is contained in the attached memorandum

Very truly yours.

JACKIE LACEY District Attorney

SHANNON PRESBY Head Deputy District Attorney Justice System Integrity Division

c:

Deputy Eric Moreno.

Deputy Eugene Contreras. #

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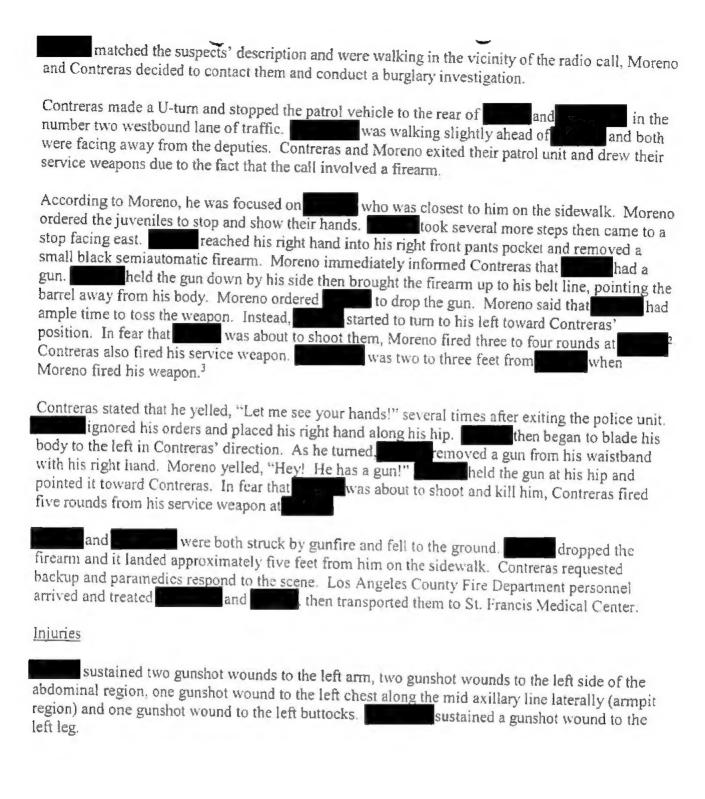
Fax: (213) 626-5125

WEBSITE: http://de.co/la.ca.us

Hall of Justice

MEMORANDUM

10:	CAPTAIN KENT WEGENER Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department Homicide Bureau I Cupania Circle Monterey Park, California 91755		
FROM:	JUSTICE SYSTEM INTEGRITY DIVISION Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office		
SUBJECT:	Officer Involved Shooting of and J.S.I.D. File #19-0141 L.A.S.D. File #019-04836-2835-055		
DATE:	April 15, 2020		
The Justice System Integrity Division of the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office has completed its review of the March 31, 2019, non-fatal shooting of and by Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (LASD) Deputies Eric Moreno and Eugene Contreras. It is our conclusion that Moreno and Contreras acted in lawful self-defense and defense of others.			
The District Attorney's Command Center was notified of the shooting on April 1, 2019, at approximately 12:22 a.m. The District Attorney Response Team responded and was given a briefing and a walk-through of the scene.			
The following analysis is based on police and investigative reports, audio recorded interviews, forensic analysis and photographic evidence submitted to this office by Sergeant Howard Cooper and Detective Jason Marx, LASD, Homicide Bureau. Deputies Moreno and Contreras provided voluntary statements which were considered as part of this analysis.			
FACTUAL ANALYSIS			
On March 31, 2019, at 10:38 p.m., LASD deputies responded to a call of a possible assault with a deadly weapon and vehicle burglary in the 700 block of West Tichenor Street in the City of Compton. A resident reported that two males attempted to break into his vehicle. When the resident confronted the burglars, one fired a gun into the air. One suspect was carrying a backpack and the other was wearing a hoodie.			
Uniformed LASD Deputies Eric Moreno and Eugene Contreras responded to the area and began to canvas the neighborhood in their marked patrol vehicle. As Contreras drove west on Alondra Boulevard, the deputies observed two males walking east on the south sidewalk. One male, later identified as was carrying a backpack. The other male, later identified as was wearing a black shirt with a hoodie thrown over his shoulder. Due to the fact that			
was 15 years o	old and was 17 years old.		



² An examination of Moreno's service weapon determined that he fired three rounds.

Moreno stated that was walking slightly ahead of when he first observed them, which would be to seast.



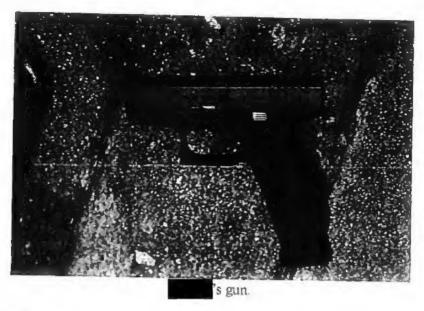
Location of the gun after dropped it.



Closer view of the gun on the south sidewalk of West Alondra Boulevard.

Recovered Firearm

A Glock, model 42, .380 caliber semiautomatic firearm was recovered from the south sidewalk of Alondra Boulevard. It was loaded with one live round in the chamber and two live rounds in the magazine



Statement of

found the gun earlier that night and was carrying it in his right front pants pocket. The police vehicle quickly rolled up on him and from behind and flashed their lights. The deputies asked, "What are you guys doing?" became scared and decided to toss the gun. While turned to his left, he removed the gun from his pocket. It was, however, "too late" and the deputies started shooting. believed the deputies thought he was going to shoot them. denied trying to break into cars before the shooting and does not remember firing the gun during a confrontation with a resident. He and had been smoking marijuana, drinking beer and taking Xanax. Statement of were walking on Alondra Boulevard when a police vehicle made a U-turn and approached them from behind. was wearing red clothing and shoes and was carrying a black backpack. The deputies flashed their lights. saw Moreno exit, followed immediately by multiple gunshots. The deputies did not say anything to them before firing. and were struck by gunfire and fell to the ground. admitted looking into parked cars for property before the shooting. He denied breaking into them because they were locked. Initially, said he was not aware that gun. He later said they found the "Glock" in an empty lot near the airport. then changed his story claiming a friend found the gun and gave it to them a week earlier. having the gun at the time of shooting, and refused to admit that was carrying it. He denied that drew the gun before the shooting.

Vehicle Burglaries

In addition to the attempted vehicle burglary in the 700 block of West Tichenor Street, investigators discovered that five other vehicles in the immediate area had been burglarized. (See photo below.) Property from three of the burglaries was recovered from s backpack.

An expended .380 caliber casing was located on the street approximately 25 yards west of the West Tichenor Street residence that was the source of the 9-1-1 call.

Prior to the shooting, a victim to one of the burglaries on West Alondra Boulevard, searched the surrounding neighborhood for possible suspects. She observed a male standing in front of a residence on West Raymond Street holding a small black pistol. A second male dressed in red was rummaging through a vehicle parked in the driveway. Property from that vehicle was recovered in a backpack.

WEST ALONDRA BOULEVARD

WEST RAYMOND STREET

WEST TICHENOR STREET

The stars indicate the locations of the six vehicle burglaries.

The red circle indicates the location of the deputy involved shooting.

LEGAL ANALYSIS

The use of deadly force in self-defense or in defense of another is justifiable if the person claiming the right actually and reasonably believed (1) that he or the person he was defending was in imminent danger of being killed or suffering great bodily injury, (2) that the immediate use of force was necessary to defend against that danger, and (3) that he used no more force than was reasonably necessary to defend against that danger. See, CALCRIM No. 505.

A police officer may use reasonable force to effect an arrest, prevent escape, or overcome resistance of a person the officer believes has committed a crime. Penal Code section 835a. An officer "may use all the force that appears to him to be necessary to overcome all resistance, even to the taking of life; [an officer is justified in taking a life if] the resistance [is] such as appears to the officer likely to inflict great bodily injury upon himself or those acting with him." People v. Mehserle (2012) 206 Cal.App.4th 1125, 1146.

In evaluating whether a police officer's use of deadly force was reasonable in a specific situation, it is helpful to draw guidance from the objective standard of reasonableness adopted in civil actions alleging Fourth Amendment violations. "The 'reasonableness' of a particular use of force must be judged from the perspective of a reasonable officer on the scene, rather than with the 20 20 vision of hindsight... The calculus of reasonableness must embody allowance for the fact that police officers are often forced to make split-second judgments—in circumstances that are tense, uncertain, and rapidly evolving—about the amount of force that is necessary in a particular situation." Graham v. Connor (1989) 490 U.S. 386, 396-397.

"Under the doctrine of transferred intent, self-defense may also apply where the defendant intends to injure or kill the person who poses the threat, but inadvertently kills an innocent bystander instead." *People v. Curtis* (1994) 30 Cal.App.4th 1337,1357; see also *People v. Matthews* (1979) 91 Cal.App.3d 1018, 1024.

CONCLUSION

The evidence shows Moreno and Contreras were attempting to stop and they matched the description of burglary suspects in the area. The deputies were awar one of the burglary suspects was armed with a firearm. The subsequent investigation of that and had, in fact, broken into multiple vehicles.	
was armed with a loaded semiautomatic firearm when he was contacted by Mc Contreras. drew the gun from his pants pocket and began to turn toward the de they exited their marked patrol unit. It is actions placed Moreno and Contreras in fear of serious bodily injury or death and they responded with reasonable deadly force, reasonable to expect Moreno and Contreras under these circumstances to wait and see was going to do with the gun before defending themselves. Additionally, under the do transferred intent, the reasonableness of the force used against applies to the reinadvertently struck in the leg.	puties when reasonable It is not what
We conclude that Deputies Eric Moreno and Eugene Contreras acted in lawful self-def defense of others when they used deadly force against and we are t closing our file and will take no further action in this matter.	